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## **Preliminary Storm Drainage Report**

Beech Pointe Beaverton, Oregon

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VALID THROUGH 12-31-25

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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report represents the **preliminary** storm drainage and stormwater analysis for the Beach Pointe project. The basis of this report is to comply with City of Beaverton, Clean Water Services (CWS), and the State of Oregon's regulations and engineering standards as well as the latest edition of the Oregon Plumbing Specialty Code (OSPC). Compiled in this report are the design criteria for the site, the hydrologic methodology, and the **preliminary** drainage analysis.

## 2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The proposed development is a 6-lot subdivision with no proposed internal streets nor street widening. The property is identified as tax lots 1100, 1200, 1300, and 1400 of Tax Map 1S115AC and is approximately 0.99 acres. The site is addressed as 4670, 4680, 4690, and 4700 SW Beech Drive, Beaverton and is located on the north side of Beech Drive between SW Beaverton Hillsdale Highway, SW Maple Avenue, and SW Beech Drive. The property is zoned RMC – Residential Mixed C Density.

## 3.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

Each of the 4 tax lots making up the site currently supports a single detached dwelling accessed from SW Beech Drive, with the northern portion of Tax Lots 1200 and 1300 also utilized as overflow parking for businesses located to the north of the site along SW Beaverton-Hillsdale Highway. All existing structures and parking on the site, with the exception of the dwelling on Tax Lot 1100, will be removed as part of this application.

The site fronts SW Beech Drive to the south. To the north and east of the project site are developed commercial properties, zoned CS (Community Service). To the east of the project site is a developed single-family home, zoned RMC (Residential Mixed C).

There are no designated Significant Natural Resources on the property. There are also no identified natural hazards, wetlands, or floodplains associated with this site.

## 3.1 <u>Site Topography</u>

The property generally slopes from northeast to southwest. The high point of the site is at the northeast corner of the property at an approximate elevation of 198.3 feet, with a relative low point at the southwest corner at an elevation of 192.6 feet. Existing grades range between 1 and 7.5% with a typical grade of 4%.



Stormwater from the site sheds south to SW Beech Drive. There is a high point along the project frontage on SW Beech Drive which splits the flow to drain west and south. In both directions, stormwater drains along the existing curbline where it is collected in existing catch basins and drains south to the mainline in SW Larch Lane. These flows are then discharged to the west in the existing wetlands at Little People Park, west of SW Maple Avenue. This stormwater eventually enters Beaverton Creek.

## 3.2 <u>Soil Type</u>

The predominant soil type found on the site is Aloha Silt Loam (1) with a corresponding hydrologic soil group (HSG) 'C/D' respectively, as shown on the attached Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) soil survey for Washington County.

Table 3-2: Hydrologic Soil Group Ratings				
NRCS Map Unit Symbol	Hydrologic Soil Group Rating			
1	Aloha Silt Loam	C/D		

As recommended by the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), soils with dual hydrologic groups ('C/D') will be assumed to be type 'D' for undrained areas, and type 'C' for drained areas. The site has positive drainage throughout the site in both the existing and developed condition, so a hydrologic group 'C' will be used in the analysis.

## 3.3 <u>Runoff Curve Numbers</u>

Predeveloped and developed pervious areas will use a Runoff Curve Number (RCN) of 74 corresponding to "Open Space" cover type (HSG designation 'C') in good condition. A runoff curve number of 98 will be used for existing, permanently removed impervious and new, proposed impervious areas. For existing impervious surfaces that will be redeveloped as part of the project, a runoff curve number of 75 will be used for the existing condition (refer to the *SCS Runoff Curve Numbers* Exhibit).

Table 3-3: Runoff Curve Numbers				
Land Description	Existing RCN	Proposed RCN		
Open Space, Good Condition	74	74		
Impervious (Redeveloped)	75	98		
Impervious (New or Permanently Removed)	98	98		



### 4.0 PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS

As part of this development, the existing on-site improvements will be removed, the site will be regraded, and public utilities will be installed on the project site. In addition, off site utility improvements will be installed on the properties to the east (identified as Tax Lots 1800 and 1900 of Tax Map 1S115AD). A new public storm connection will be made to an existing catch basin on Tax Lot 1900 and a new public mainline will be extended to the proposed off-site stormwater facility constructed on Tax Lot 1800. A storm main will be extended along the west edge of Tax Lot 1800 (offsite) to a point of connection at the northeast corner of the project site. A number of offsite easements will be required to be obtained prior to site development permit issuance. Please note that the existing frontage street is fully built out in the existing condition and will not be conveyed to the proposed pond.

A new on-site public storm main will then be extended along the rear of the property, through a new public storm easement, and will serve the project site as well as the properties to the north (Tax Lots 100, 200, 300, 400, and 500) as well as Tax Lot 1800, which contains the proposed storm pond. Runoff from the site will be collected and conveyed to the new off-site pond, which will provide both water quality and detention, including a hydromodification approach.

At this time, the proposed pond is being designed to provide treatment for the project site as well as Tax Lots 400, 500, and 1800. Conveyance is being designed to the project site as well as Tax Lots 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, and 1800. See the *Basin Map* within this report for more information.

### 4.1 <u>Hydrology / Hydraulic Methodology</u>

Using the Santa Barbara Urban Hydrograph (SBUH) method based on a Type 1A rainfall distribution, the site has been analyzed to determine the proposed peak runoff rates for ½ of the 2, 2, 5, 10, and 25-year 24-hour storm event. The SBUH method uses runoff curve numbers in conjunction with the property's hydrologic soil group to model the site's permeability. Stormwater analysis and facility design was provided using "Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve" modeling software.

A predeveloped time of concentration of 15.31 minutes and a developed time of concentration of 7.66 minutes were calculated using the methodology outlined in the TR-55 technical manual (*refer to the Time of Concentration Calculations and Exhibits*).

Rainfall depths for all storm events used in the calculations and design of the proposed storm drainage system are found in the latest edition of Clean Water Services' *Design and Construction Standard's for Sanitary and Storm Water Management* (R&O 19-5) and as shown below.



Table 4-1: 24-Hour Rainfall Depths (CWS)					
Recurrence Interval, years251025100					
24-Hour Depths, Inches	2.50	3.10	3.45	3.90	4.50

### 4.2 <u>Water Quality</u>

As required by the City of Beaverton, runoff will be treated from any new impervious surfaces created as a result of the proposed development. The water quality facilities will follow City of Beaverton's standards and shall be designed to treat storm water generated by 0.36 inches of precipitation falling in 3 hours with an average storm return period of 96 hours. The water quality facilities will remove a minimum of 65% of the Total Phosphorous (TP) from the stormwater runoff.

Water quality will be satisfied through a combination of pretreatment, with a sumped water quality manhole, and a vegetated detention pond.

The proposed pond meets water quality requirements by providing the water quality volume outlined by Clean Water Services, copied below.

Water Quality Volume (cu.ft.) = 0.36 (in.)x Area (sq. ft.)12 (in./ft.)

The area requiring treatment has been calculated in the *Impervious Area Calculations*, contained within this report. Both this required water quality volume and the Intelisolve printout showing volume provided are shown in the *Water Quality Pond Calculations* within this report.

## 4.3 <u>Water Quantity / Hydromodification</u>

The stormwater discharge location has been evaluated using Clean Water Service's Hydromodification Map. The receiving reach is identified as Beaverton Creek, with a mapped Risk Level of Low (refer to *Appendix A – Clean Water Services' Maps and Hydromodification Map*). The project is creating between 12,000 sf and 80,000 sf impervious and therefore falls under the Medium Project Size Category. With the Low Risk Level and Medium Project Size Category, the project is classified as a Category 2 Hydromodification Approach. Therefore, peak-flow matching detention has been chosen to satisfy the hydromodification requirement.

It should be noted that the proposed pond is designed to manage more than 80,000 sf impervious, though not all that area is being constructed under this project. Should that be considered a reason to bump the project into a Large Project Size Category, that would not create any additional requirements – it would still be considered a Category 2 Hydromodification Approach.



In order to satisfy Clean Water Services' hydromodification approach and water quantity control requirements, stormwater quantity facilities shall be designed to capture runoff so the post-development runoff rates from the site do not exceed the predevelopment runoff rates from the site, based on 24-hour storm events. Specifically, the 2, 5, 10, and 25-year post-development runoff rates will not exceed their respective ½ of the 2, 5, 10, and 25-year pre-development runoff rates.

A flow control manhole with one orifice and an overflow weir wall will attenuate the postdeveloped peak runoff as required above and as shown below.

Table 4.3: Detention Pond Outflows					
Storm Event (yr)	Released Outflow (cfs)				
2	0.27	1.02	0.13		
5	0.53	1.41	0.32		
10	0.70	1.65	0.48		
25	0.95	1.95	0.80		

## 4.4 <u>Conveyance</u>

The proposed conveyance system consists of an underground pipe system with manholes. A new public storm connection will be made to an existing catch basin on Tax Lot 1900 and a new public mainline will be extended to the north and west to a proposed stormwater facility constructed on Tax Lot 1800 (offsite). A storm main will be extended along the west edge of Tax Lot 1800 (offsite) to a point of connection at the northeast corner of the project site. A new on-site public storm main will then be extended along the rear of the property, through a new public storm easement, and will serve the project site as well as the properties to the north (Tax Lots 100, 200, 300, 400, and 500) as well as Tax Lot 1800, which contains the proposed storm pond.

The drainage system for the public improvements has been designed to convey the 25year storm event without surcharging the proposed underground pipe network. Using a Manning's 'n' value of 0.013, the minimum pipe size and slope required to convey the 25year storm event and maintain a minimum velocity of 2.5 feet per second when flowing full is a 12" pipe at 0.0040 ft./ft. at the upper reaches of the mainline and 15" pipe at 0.0030 ft./ft. at the lower reaches (refer to the *Conveyance Calculations*).

## 5.0 DOWNSTREAM ANALYSIS

Runoff from the site is proposed to discharge the existing public storm main located on Tax Lot 1900. This mainline flows south through Tax Lot 1900, then to the southwest to



SW Larch Lane, across SW Maple Avenue, and discharges to the existing wetland at Little Peoples Park.

Because stormwater from the site currently drains to SW Beech Drive and SW Maple Avenue, rather than the storm main on Tax Lot 1900, stormwater has been additionally detained as to not increase the amount of stormwater entering the existing Tax Lot 1900 storm system. In the existing condition, Tax Lot 1800 drains to the Tax Lot 1900 storm system undetained. Tax Lot 1800 is currently developed with approximately 83% impervious coverage. The post-developed 25-year release rate from the pond, which treats and detains our project site as well as Tax Lots 400, 500, and 1800 (and their future redevelopment), is less than the existing 25-year release rate of Tax Lot 1800. See the calculations in the Appendices for more information. Therefore, the proposed development will not increase stormwater in the downstream system and no further downstream analysis is required. All stormwater from the site will end up in the SW Larch Lane storm system and will outfall to the wetlands as in the pre-developed condition.

## 6.0 CONCLUSION

Based on the supporting stormwater calculations and attached analysis, it is the opinion of Pioneer Design Group that the development of Beech Pointe will not adversely affect the existing downstream drainage system nor adjacent property owners. We have provided water quality and quantity treatment with the proposed pretreatment manhole, detention pond, and attenuated flow control manhole. For conveyance purposes, we have also detained stormwater to release at lower rates than those received currently by the existing storm system. Therefore, all the requirements associated with Clean Water Services' design and construction standards and the City of Beaverton have been met for this project.



## 7.0 VICINITY MAP



## **ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS & SPREADSHEETS**





USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey



## Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
1	Aloha silt loam	C/D	1.1	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest			1.1	100.0%

## Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

## **Rating Options**

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

JSDA

Tie-break Rule: Higher







### **RUNOFF CURVE NUMBERS (TR55)**

Cover description Cover description		CN f	CN for hydrologic soil group		
	Average percent				
Cover type and hydrologic condition	impervious area <sup>2</sup>	А	В	С	D
Fully developed urban areas (vegetation established)					
Open space (lawns, parks, golf courses, cemeteries, etc.) <sup>3</sup> :					
Poor condition (grass cover <50%)		68	79	86	89
Fair condition (grass cover 50% to 75%)		49	69	79	84
Good condition (grass cover >75%)		39	61	74	80
Impervious areas:			I		•
Paved parking lots, roofs, driveways, etc. (excluding right-of-					
way)		98	98	98	98
Streets and roads:			I		•
Paved; curbs and storm sewers (excluding right-of-way)		98	98	98	98
Paved; open ditches (including right-of-way)		83	89	92	93
Gravel (including right-of-way)		76	85	89	91
Dirt (including right-of-way)		72	82	87	89
Western desert urban areas:					
Natural desert landscaping (pervious areas only) <sup>4</sup>		63	77	85	88
Artificial desert landscaping (impervious weed barrier, desert					
shrub with 1- to 2-inch sand or gravel mulch and basin borders)					
		96	96	96	96
Urban districts:					
Commercial and business	85	89	92	94	95
Industrial	72	81	88	91	93
Residential districts by average lot size:					
1/8 acre or less (town houses)	65	77	85	90	92
1/4 acre	38	61	75	83	87
1/3 acre	30	57	72	81	86
1/2 acre	25	54	70	80	85
1 acre	20	51	68	79	84
2 acres	12	46	65	77	82
Developing urban areas					
Newly graded areas (pervious areas only, no vegetation) <sup>5</sup>	77	86	91	94	
Idle lands (CNs are determined using cover types similar to those in table 2-2c)					

## Table 2-2a: Runoff curve numbers for urban areas

1: Average runoff condition, and  $I_a = 0.2S$ .

2: The average percent impervious area shown was used to develop the composite CN's. Other assumptions are as follows: impervious areas are directly connected to the drainage system, impervious areas hava a CN of 98, and pervious areas are considered equivalent to open space in good hydrologic condition. CN's for other combinations of conditions may be computed using figure 2-3 or 2-4.

3: CN's shown are equivalent to those of pasture. Composite CN's may be computed for other combinations of open space cover type.

4: Composite CN's for natural desert landscaping should be computed using figures 2-3 or 2-4 based on the impervious area percentage (CN = 98) and the pervious area CN. The pervious area CN's are assumed equivalent to desert shrub in poor hydrologic condition.

5: Composite CN's to use for the design of temporary measures during grading and construction should be computed using figure 2-3 or 2-4 based on the degree of development (impervious area percentage) and the CN's for the newly graded pervious areas.

## MANNING'S "n" VALUES

SHEET FLOW EQUATION MANNING'S VALUES	n
Smooth Surfaces (concrete, asphault, gravel, or bare hand packed soil)	0.011
Fallow Fields or loose soil surface (no residue)	0.05
Cultivated soil with residue cover ( $< 20\%$ )	0.06
Cultivated soil with residue cover $(> 20\%)$	0.17
Short prairie grass and lawns	0.15
Dense grasses	0.24
Bermuda grasses	0.41
Range (natural)	0.13
Woods or forrest with light underbrush	0.40
Woods or forrest with dense underbrush	0.80
SHALLOW CONCENTRATED FLOW (after initial 300 ft of sheet flow, R = 0.1)	k,
Forrest with heavy ground litter and meadows $(n = 0.010)$	3
Brushy ground with some trees $(n = 0.060)$	5
Fallow or minimum tillage cultivation $(n = 0.040)$	8
High grass $(n = 0.035)$	9
Short grass, pasture and lawns $(n = 0.030)$	11
Nearly bare ground $(n = 0.25)$	13
Paved and gravel areas $(n = 0.012)$	27
CHANNEL FLOW (Intermittent) (At the beginning of all visible channels, R = 0.2)	k <sub>c</sub>
Forested swale with heavy ground cover $(n = 0.10)$	5
Forested drainage course/ravine with defined channel bed ( $n = 0.050$ )	10
Rock-lined waterway ( $n = 0.035$ )	15
Grassed waterway $(n = 0.030)$	17
Earth-lined waterway ( $n = 0.025$ )	20
CMP pipe $(n = 0.024)$	21
Concrete pipe $(n = 0.012)$	42
Other waterways and pipe 0.508/n	
CHANNEL FLOW (continuous stream, K = 0.4)	k <sub>c</sub>
Meandering stream (n = $0.040$ )	20
Rock-lined stream (n = $0.035$ )	23
Grass-lined stream ( $n = 0.030$ )	27
Other streams, man-made channels and pipe $(n = 0.807/n)$	





## **IMPERVIOUS AREA CALCULATIONS**

# JOB NUMBER:390-004aPROJECT:Beech PointeFILE:390004a\_Prelim Hydro.xls

### **NEW IMPERVIOUS AREA**

6 LOTS AT 2,640-SF IMPERVIOUS AREA / LOT	15,840.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
	15,840.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	0.36 ac
EXISTING IMPERVIOUS AREA		
BUILDINGS	6,286.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
CONCRETE	8,308.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
GRAVEL AT 60% IMPERVIOUS	5,291.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
DECK	1,737.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
	21,622.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	0.50 ac
Total Shed Area	43,256.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	0.99 ac
Existing Impervious Area	21,622.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	0.50 ac
% Impervious		50.0 %
Proposed Impervious Area	15,840.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	0.36 ac
% Impervious		36.6 %



## IMPERVIOUS AREA CALCULATIONS POND SIZING + FULL BUILD OUT OF TL'S 400, 500, 1800

JOB NUMBER:390-004aPROJECT:Beech PointeFILE:390004a\_Prelim Hydro.xls

### **NEW IMPERVIOUS AREA**

PROJECT SITE (TL 1100, 1200, 1300, 1400)	15,840.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
TL 400 & 500*	14,207.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
TL 1800*	50,695.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
- *Areas based on preliminary designs	80,742.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	1.85 ac
for redevelopment projects		
EXISTING IMPERVIOUS AREA		
PROJECT SITE -> Assume CN = 75 (Redevelopment)	21,622.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
TL 400 & 500 -> Assume CN = 75 (Redevelopment)	14,064.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
TL 1800 -> Assume CN = 75 (Redevelopment)	53,702.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
· · · · · -	89,388.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	2.05 ac
	-	
Total Shed Area	123,474.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	2.83 ac
Existing Impervious Area	89,388.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	2.05 ac
% Impervious	_	72.4 %
Redeveloped Impervious -> Assume CN = 75	89,388.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	2.05 ac
Proposed Impervious Area	80,742.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	1.85 ac
% Impervious		65.4 %



## WATER QUALITY POND CALCULATIONS

JOB NUMBER:	390-004a
PROJECT:	Beech Pointe
FILE:	390004a_Prelim Hydro.xls

**REFERENCES:** 

1. Clean Water Services R&O 07-20.

2. City of Beaverton Engineering Design Manual (2019).

REQUIRED WATER QUALITY TREATMENT: 65% Phosphorus Removal.

#### PROPOSED TREATMENT METHODS:

1. Sumped Catch Basins		15%
2. Water quality Pond		50%
	total	65%
DESIGN STORM		
Precipitation:	0.36	inches
Storm Duration:	3	hours
Storm Return Period:	96	hours
Storm Window:	2	weeks

### IMPERVIOUS AREA:

Impervious Area\*: 1.85 acres

\*Areas based on preliminary designs for redevelopment projects on Tax Lots 400, 500, & 1800

Design Inflow =  $(1.85 \text{ ac})*(43560 \text{ ft}^2/\text{ac})*(0.36 \text{ in} / 3.0 \text{ hrs}) =$ 

#### VOLUME CALCULATION:

POND VOLUME =	(1.85 acres)(43560	sqft/acre)(0.36	inch/(12 $in$ /ft) =
		1 //	

## WQ VOLUME PROVIDED (SEE BELOW):

Stage / Storage / Discharge	

Stage (ft)		Elevation (ft)	Contour Area (sqft)	Incremental Storage (cuft)	Total Storage (cuft)	Discharge (cfs)	î
	0.00	191.00	1338	0	0	0.000	
	1.00	192.00	1995	1667	1667	0.015	
	1.50	192.50	2364	1090	2756	0.022	
	2.00	193.00	2530	1224	3980	0.076	
	3.00	194.00	2867	2699	6678	0.123	
	3.50	194.50	3045	1478	8156	1.108	
	4.00	195.00	3232	1569	9726	8.845	~

0.22 cfs

2,418 ft<sup>3</sup> 2756 ft<sup>3</sup>

### POND OUTLET ORIFICE CALCULATIONS: Q = (2,418 ft3)/(48 hrs)/(60 min/hrs)/(60 s/min)=

0.014 cfs

h = average hydraulic head =		12 inches below high flow
A =	$0.00 \ {\rm ft}^2$	
$A = \pi r^{2}$ r = d = 2r	0.03 ft. radius	
$\mathbf{d} = 21$ $\mathbf{d} = 1$	0.72 in. diameter, use	6/8 " orifice





### PREDEVELOPED TIME OF CONCENTRATION

JOB NUMBER:	390-004a
PROJECT:	Beech Pointe
FILE:	390004a_Prelim Hydro.xls

LAG ONE: SHEET FLOW (FIRST 174 FEET)							
1221)							
0.15							
174 ft	(300 ft. max.)						
2.5 in 0.027 ft/ft							
15.31 min.		15.31 min.					
	<ul> <li>FEET)</li> <li>0.15 174 ft</li> <li>2.5 in</li> <li>0.027 ft/ft</li> <li>15.31 min.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FEET)</li> <li>0.15 174 ft (300 ft. max.)</li> <li>2.5 in 0.027 ft/ft</li> <li>15.31 min.</li> </ul>					

TOTAL PREDEVELOPED TIME OF CONCENTRATION (Tc) = 15.31 min.



## **DEVELOPED TIME OF CONCENTRATION**

JOB NUMBER:	390-004a
PROJECT:	Beech Pointe
FILE:	390004a_Prelim Hydro.xls

Catchment Time	5 min.
Longest Run of Pipe	478 ft
Velocity of Flow	3 ft/s
Time in Pipe = $(478 \text{ ft})/(3.00 \text{ ft/s}) =$	159 s
TOTAL DEVELOPED Tc =	7.66 min.



## STORMWATER CONVEYANCE CALCULATIONS

JOB NUMBER: PROJECT:	390-004a Beech Pointe															
FILE: Design Storm: Storm Duration: Precipitation: Manning's "n"	390004a 25 24 3.9 0.013	Prelim H YR HRS IN	Iydro.xls	1												
	INC. AREA	AREA TOTAL	% IMP.	AREA PERV.	CN PER.	AREA IMP.	CN IMP.	TIME (MIN)	Q (CFS)	PIPE SIZE	SLOPE	Qf	Q/Qf	Vf	V/Vf	ACTUAL V
LINE	(AC)	(AC)		(AC)		(AC)				(IN)	(FT/FT)	(CFS)	(%)	(FPS)	(%)	(FPS)
PROJECT SITE (to be conveyed & treated)	0.99	0.99	36.6	0.63	79	0.36	98	5.00	0.67							
TL 400 & 500 (to be conveyed & treated)	0.36	0.36	90.6	0.03	79	0.33	98	5.00	0.35							
TL 100, 200, 300 (to be conveyed)	0.58	0.58	80.0	0.12	79	0.46	98	5.00	0.53							
TL 1800 (to be conveyed & treated)	1.49	1.49	78.3	0.32	79	1.16	98	5.00	1.34							
UPPER REACH	1.93	1.93	59.7	0.78	79	1.15	98	5.00	1.54	12	0.0040	2.26	0.68	2.88	1.11	3.18
LOWER REACH	3.42	3.42	67.8	1.10	79	2.32	98	5.00	2.88	15	0.0030	3.55	0.81	2.89	1.15	3.31

## APPENDIX A – CWS HYDROMODIFCATION MAPS







## **APPENDIX B – INTELISOLVE CALCULATIONS & POND REPORT**





Thursday, Sep 12 2024, 12:30 PM

Hydrograph Return Period Recap	1
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2 - Year	
Summary Report	2
Hydrograph Reports	3
Hydrograph No. 3, Reservoir, Pond	3
Pond Report	4
•	

## 5 - Year

Summary Report	5
Hydrograph Reports	6
Hydrograph No. 3. Reservoir. Pond	. 6
Pond Report	. 7
·	

## 10 - Year

Summary Report	8
Hydrograph Reports	9
Hydrograph No. 3, Reservoir, Pond	9
Pond Report	. 10

## 25 - Year

Summary Report	11
Hvdrograph Reports	12
Hydrograph No. 3, Reservoir, Pond	12
Pond Report	13

## 100 - Year

Summary Report	14
Hydrograph Reports	15
Hydrograph No. 3, Reservoir, Pond	. 15
Pond Report	. 16

## Hydrograph Return Period Recap

Hyd.	Hydrograph	Inflow				Peak Out	flow (cfs)				Hydrograph		
NO.	(origin)	nyu(s)	1-Yr	2-Yr	3-Yr	5-Yr	10-Yr	25-Yr	50-Yr	100-Yr	description		
1	SCS Runoff			0.27		0.53	0.70	0.95		1.29	Existing Condition		
2	SCS Runoff			1.02		1.41	1.65	1.95		2.36	Developed Condition		
3	Reservoir	2		0.13		0.32	0.48	0.80		1.86	Pond		

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## Hydrograph Summary Report

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to peak (min)	Volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Maximum storage (cuft)	Hydrograph description
1	SCS Runoff	0.27	3	486	6,892				Existing Condition
2	SCS Runoff	1.02	3	477	14,744				Developed Condition
3	Reservoir	0.13	3	1290	14,700	2	194.34	7,669	Pond
3	Reservoir	0.13	3	1290	14,700	2	194.34	7,669	Pond
390	004a Pond.	gpw			Return I	Period: 2	Year	Thursday,	Sep 12 2024, 12:29 PM

## Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

## Hyd. No. 3

Pond

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.13 cfs
Storm frequency	= 2 yrs	Time interval	= 3 min
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2	Max. Elevation	= 194.34 ft
Reservoir name	= Pond	Max. Storage	= 7,669 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 14,700 cuft



Thursday, Sep 12 2024, 12:29 PM

## **Pond Report**

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

#### Pond No. 1 - Pond

### **Pond Data**

Pond storage is based on known contour areas. Average end area method used.

### Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)	
0.00	191.00	1,338	0	0	
1.00	192.00	1,995	1,667	1,667	
1.50	192.50	2,364	1,090	2,756	
2.00	193.00	2,530	1,224	3,980	
3.00	194.00	2,867	2,699	6,678	
3.50	194.50	3,045	1,478	8,156	
4.00	195.00	3,232	1,569	9,726	
4.50	195.50	3,427	1,665	11,390	

#### **Culvert / Orifice Structures**

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]		[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Rise (in)	= 15.00	0.74	1.75	0.00	Crest Len (ft)	= 5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span (in)	= 15.00	0.74	1.75	0.00	Crest El. (ft)	= 194.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 1	1	1	0	Weir Coeff.	= 3.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
Invert El. (ft)	= 190.34	191.00	192.45	0.00	Weir Type	= Riser			
Length (ft)	= 39.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	Multi-Stage	= Yes	No	No	No
Slope (%)	= 0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00					
N-Value	= .013	.013	.013	.013					
Orif. Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60					
Multi-Stage	= n/a	Yes	Yes	No	Exfiltration = 0	.000 in/hr (Cont	tour) Tailw	ater Elev. =	= 0.00 ft

**Weir Structures** 

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows have been analyzed under inlet and outlet control.



## Hydrograph Summary Report

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to peak (min)	Volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Maximum storage (cuft)	Hydrograph description
1	SCS Runoff	0.53	3	486	10,878				Existing Condition
2	SCS Runoff	1.41	3	477	19,995				Developed Condition
3	Reservoir	0.32	3	651	19,951	2	194.40	7,858	Pond
3	Reservoir	0.32	3	651	19,951	2	194.40	7,858	Pond
200	Dula Dand	apw/			Doturn	Dariad: E	Voor	Thursday	Son 12 2024 12:20 DM
390	JU4a Pond.	.gpw			Return		real	ji nursaay,	3ep 12 2024, 12:29 PNI

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## Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

## Hyd. No. 3

Pond

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.32 cfs
Storm frequency	= 5 yrs	Time interval	= 3 min
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2	Max. Elevation	= 194.40 ft
Reservoir name	= Pond	Max. Storage	= 7,858 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 19,951 cuft



Thursday, Sep 12 2024, 12:29 PM

## **Pond Report**

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

#### Pond No. 1 - Pond

### **Pond Data**

Pond storage is based on known contour areas. Average end area method used.

### Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)	
0.00	191.00	1,338	0	0	
1.00	192.00	1,995	1,667	1,667	
1.50	192.50	2,364	1,090	2,756	
2.00	193.00	2,530	1,224	3,980	
3.00	194.00	2,867	2,699	6,678	
3.50	194.50	3,045	1,478	8,156	
4.00	195.00	3,232	1,569	9,726	
4.50	195.50	3,427	1,665	11,390	

#### **Culvert / Orifice Structures**

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]		[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Rise (in)	= 15.00	0.74	1.75	0.00	Crest Len (ft)	= 5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span (in)	= 15.00	0.74	1.75	0.00	Crest El. (ft)	= 194.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 1	1	1	0	Weir Coeff.	= 3.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
Invert El. (ft)	= 190.34	191.00	192.45	0.00	Weir Type	= Riser			
Length (ft)	= 39.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	Multi-Stage	= Yes	No	No	No
Slope (%)	= 0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00					
N-Value	= .013	.013	.013	.013					
Orif. Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60					
Multi-Stage	= n/a	Yes	Yes	No	Exfiltration = 0	.000 in/hr (Cont	our) Tailw	ater Elev. =	= 0.00 ft

**Weir Structures** 

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows have been analyzed under inlet and outlet control.



## Hydrograph Summary Report

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to peak (min)	Volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Maximum storage (cuft)	Hydrograph description
1	SCS Runoff	0.70	3	483	13,418				Existing Condition
2	SCS Runoff	1.65	3	474	23,126				Developed Condition
3	Reservoir	0.48	3	555	23,081	2	194.42	7,928	Pond
3	Reservoir	0.48	3	555	23,081	2	194.42	7,928	Pond
390	004a Pond.	.gpw			Return I	Period: 10	) Year	Thursday,	Sep 12 2024, 12:29 PM

## Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

## Hyd. No. 3

Pond

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.48 cfs
Storm frequency	= 10 yrs	Time interval	= 3 min
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2	Max. Elevation	= 194.42 ft
Reservoir name	= Pond	Max. Storage	= 7,928 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 23,081 cuft



Thursday, Sep 12 2024, 12:29 PM

## **Pond Report**

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

#### Pond No. 1 - Pond

### **Pond Data**

Pond storage is based on known contour areas. Average end area method used.

### Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)	
0.00	191.00	1,338	0	0	
1.00	192.00	1,995	1,667	1,667	
1.50	192.50	2,364	1,090	2,756	
2.00	193.00	2,530	1,224	3,980	
3.00	194.00	2,867	2,699	6,678	
3.50	194.50	3,045	1,478	8,156	
4.00	195.00	3,232	1,569	9,726	
4.50	195.50	3,427	1,665	11,390	

#### **Culvert / Orifice Structures**

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]		[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Rise (in)	= 15.00	0.74	1.75	0.00	Crest Len (ft)	= 5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span (in)	= 15.00	0.74	1.75	0.00	Crest El. (ft)	= 194.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 1	1	1	0	Weir Coeff.	= 3.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
Invert El. (ft)	= 190.34	191.00	192.45	0.00	Weir Type	= Riser			
Length (ft)	= 39.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	Multi-Stage	= Yes	No	No	No
Slope (%)	= 0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	-				
N-Value	= .013	.013	.013	.013					
Orif. Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60					
Multi-Stage	= n/a	Yes	Yes	No	Exfiltration = 0	.000 in/hr (Cont	our) Tailw	ater Elev. =	= 0.00 ft

**Weir Structures** 

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows have been analyzed under inlet and outlet control.



## Hydrograph Summary Report

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to peak (min)	Volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Maximum storage (cuft)	Hydrograph description
1	SCS Runoff	0.95	3	483	16,866				Existing Condition
2	SCS Runoff	1.95	3	474	27,202				Developed Condition
3	Reservoir	0.80	3	507	27,158	2	194.47	8,054	Pond
390	004a Pond.	.gpw			Return I	Period: 25	5 Year	Thursday,	Sep 12 2024, 12:29 PM

## Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

## Hyd. No. 3

Pond

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.80 cfs
Storm frequency	= 25 yrs	Time interval	= 3 min
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2	Max. Elevation	= 194.47 ft
Reservoir name	= Pond	Max. Storage	= 8,054 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 27,158 cuft



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Thursday, Sep 12 2024, 12:29 PM

## **Pond Report**

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

#### Pond No. 1 - Pond

### **Pond Data**

Pond storage is based on known contour areas. Average end area method used.

### Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)	
0.00	191.00	1,338	0	0	
1.00	192.00	1,995	1,667	1,667	
1.50	192.50	2,364	1,090	2,756	
2.00	193.00	2,530	1,224	3,980	
3.00	194.00	2,867	2,699	6,678	
3.50	194.50	3,045	1,478	8,156	
4.00	195.00	3,232	1,569	9,726	
4.50	195.50	3,427	1,665	11,390	

#### **Culvert / Orifice Structures**

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]		[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Rise (in)	= 15.00	0.74	1.75	0.00	Crest Len (ft)	= 5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span (in)	= 15.00	0.74	1.75	0.00	Crest El. (ft)	= 194.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 1	1	1	0	Weir Coeff.	= 3.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
Invert El. (ft)	= 190.34	191.00	192.45	0.00	Weir Type	= Riser			
Length (ft)	= 39.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	Multi-Stage	= Yes	No	No	No
Slope (%)	= 0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	-				
N-Value	= .013	.013	.013	.013					
Orif. Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60					
Multi-Stage	= n/a	Yes	Yes	No	Exfiltration = 0	.000 in/hr (Cont	tour) Tailw	ater Elev. =	= 0.00 ft

**Weir Structures** 

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows have been analyzed under inlet and outlet control.



## Hydrograph Summary Report

Hyd. No.	Hydrograph type (origin)	Peak flow (cfs)	Time interval (min)	Time to peak (min)	Volume (cuft)	Inflow hyd(s)	Maximum elevation (ft)	Maximum storage (cuft)	Hydrograph description
1	SCS Runoff	1.29	3	483	21,722				Existing Condition
2	SCS Runoff	2.36	3	474	32,704				Developed Condition
3	Reservoir	1.86	3	486	32,660	2	194.57	8,374	Pond
3	Reservoir	1.86	3	486	32,660	2	194.57	8,374	Pond
3900	004a Pond	.gpw	<u> </u>	1	Return I	Period: 10	)0 Year	Thursday,	Sep 12 2024, 12:30 PM

## Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

## Hyd. No. 3

Pond

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 1.86 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 3 min
Inflow hyd. No.	= 2	Max. Elevation	= 194.57 ft
Reservoir name	= Pond	Max. Storage	= 8,374 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 32,660 cuft



15

Thursday, Sep 12 2024, 12:30 PM

## **Pond Report**

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

#### Pond No. 1 - Pond

### **Pond Data**

Pond storage is based on known contour areas. Average end area method used.

### Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)	
0.00	191.00	1,338	0	0	
1.00	192.00	1,995	1,667	1,667	
1.50	192.50	2,364	1,090	2,756	
2.00	193.00	2,530	1,224	3,980	
3.00	194.00	2,867	2,699	6,678	
3.50	194.50	3,045	1,478	8,156	
4.00	195.00	3,232	1,569	9,726	
4.50	195.50	3,427	1,665	11,390	

#### **Culvert / Orifice Structures**

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]		[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Rise (in)	= 15.00	0.74	1.75	0.00	Crest Len (ft)	= 5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span (in)	= 15.00	0.74	1.75	0.00	Crest El. (ft)	= 194.35	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 1	1	1	0	Weir Coeff.	= 3.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
Invert El. (ft)	= 190.34	191.00	192.45	0.00	Weir Type	= Riser			
Length (ft)	= 39.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	Multi-Stage	= Yes	No	No	No
Slope (%)	= 0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	-				
N-Value	= .013	.013	.013	.013					
Orif. Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60					
Multi-Stage	= n/a	Yes	Yes	No	Exfiltration = 0	.000 in/hr (Cont	our) Tailw	ater Elev. =	= 0.00 ft

**Weir Structures** 

Note: Culvert/Orifice outflows have been analyzed under inlet and outlet control.



## APPENDIX C – EXISTING RUNOFF CALCULATIONS FOR TAX LOT 1800



## Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

## Hyd. No. 1

Exist. TL 1800 (For Conveyance)

Hydrograph type	= SCS Runoff
Storm frequency	= 25 yrs
Drainage area	= 1.490 ac
Basin Slope	= 0.0 %
Tc method	= USER
Total precip.	= 3.90 in
Storm duration	= 24 hrs

Friday, Jun 21 2024, 3:29 PM

Peak discharge	= 1.18 cfs
Time interval	= 3 min
Curve number	= 94
Hydraulic length	= 0 ft
Time of conc. (Tc)	= 5.00 min
Distribution	= Type IA
Shape factor	= 484

Hydrograph Volume = 16,360 cuft

